UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

Darwin Columna

Write the full name of each plaintiff.

-against-

NYPD Officer Genner Gomez, in his personal and official capacity, NYPD Officer Pedro Romero, in his personal and official capacity, NYPD Sergeant Josue Perez, in his personal and official capacity, NYPD Detective Pedro Roche, in his personal and official capacity, NYPD Officer John Doe 2 in his personal and official capacity and the City of New York

Write the full name of each defendant. If you need more space, please write "see attached" in the space above and attach an additional sheet of paper with the full list of names. The names listed above must be identical to those contained in Section II.

19 _{CV}3801

(Include case number if one has been assigned)

AMENDED

COMPLAINT

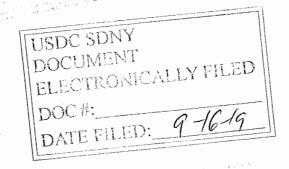
Do you want a jury trial?

☑ Yes ☐ No

SBNY PRO SE OFFID 2019 SEP 16 PM 1: 08

NOTICE

The public can access electronic court files. For privacy and security reasons, papers filed with the court should therefore *not* contain: an individual's full social security number or full birth date; the full name of a person known to be a minor; or a complete financial account number. A filing may include *only*: the last four digits of a social security number; the year of an individual's birth; a minor's initials; and the last four digits of a financial account number. See Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 5.2.



Rev. 1/9/17

I. BASIS FOR JURISDICTION

Federal courts are courts of limited jurisdiction (limited power). Generally, only two types of cases can be heard in federal court: cases involving a federal question and cases involving diversity of citizenship of the parties. Under 28 U.S.C. § 1331, a case arising under the United States Constitution or federal laws or treaties is a federal question case. Under 28 U.S.C. § 1332, a case in which a citizen of one State sues a citizen of another State or nation, and the amount in controversy is more than \$75,000, is a diversity case. In a diversity case, no defendant may be a citizen of the same State as any plaintiff.

What is the basis for federal-court jurisdiction in your case?	
✓ Federal Question	
☐ Diversity of Citizenship	
A. If you checked Federal Question	
Which of your federal constitutional or federal statutory rights have been violated? Violation of rights under 42 U.S.Code 1983, 1st amendment, 14th Amendment, 4th Amendment, 5th Ame	endment,
false arrest/imprisonment, excessive force, unreasonable search and seizure, malicious pro	secution,
destruction of property, free exercise of religion/speech, and other pendent state la	w claim
B. If you checked Diversity of Citizenship	
1. Citizenship of the parties	
Of what State is each party a citizen?	
The plaintiff ,, is a citizen of the Sta	te of
(Plaintiff's name)	
(State in which the person resides and intends to remain.)	
or, if not lawfully admitted for permanent residence in the United States, a citizen subject of the foreign state of	or
If more than one plaintiff is named in the complaint, attach additional pages providing information for each additional plaintiff.	

If the defendant is an individual:		
The defendant,	, is a citizen of the Stat	e of
(Defendant's nam	, is a citizen of the Stat ne)	
or, if not lawfully admitted for per subject of the foreign state of	rmanent residence in the United States, a citizen	or
,		
If the defendant is a corporation:	•	
The defendant,	, is incorporated under the la	ws of
the State of		
	ness in the State of	
or is incorporated under the laws of	of (foreign state)	
and has its principal place of busin	ness in	•
If more than one defendant is named information for each additional defen	l in the complaint, attach additional pages providing ndant.	:
II. PARTIES		
A. Plaintiff Information		
Provide the following information for pages if needed.	r each plaintiff named in the complaint. Attach add	itional
Darwin	Columna	
First Name Middle	e Initial Last Name	
2276 Sedgwick Avenu	ue , Apt #2	
Street Address		
New York	New York	
County, City	State Zip Code	
917-736-3464	darwincolumna@gmail.c	om
Telephone Number	Email Address (if available)	

B. Defendant Information

To the best of your ability, provide addresses where each defendant may be served. If the correct information is not provided, it could delay or prevent service of the complaint on the defendant. Make sure that the defendants listed below are the same as those listed in the caption. Attach additional pages if needed.

Defendant 1:	Genner	Gomez	
	First Name	Last Name	
	NYC police officer (shie	eld #27651)	
	Current Job Title (or other identifying information)		
	1 Police Plaza		
	Current Work Address (or other address where defendant may be served		
	New York	New York	
	County, City	State	Zip Code
Defendant 2:	Pedro	Romero	
	First Name	Last Name	
	NYC police officer (shie	eld #4669)	
	Current Job Title (or other identifying information)		
1 Police Plaza			
	Current Work Address (or other address where defendant may be served)		
	New York	New York	
	County, City	State	Zip Code
Defendant 3:	Josue	Perez	
	First Name	Last Name	
	NYC police officer (shield #01870)		
	Current Job Title (or other identifying information)		
	1 Police Plaza		:
	Current Work Address (or other address where defendant may be served		
	New York	New York	
	County, City	State	Zip Code

Defendant 4:	Pedro	Roche		
	First Name	Last Name		
	NYC police of	fficer (shield #12637)	·	
	Current Job Title (o	or other identifying information)	!	
	1 Police Plaza			
	Current Work Address (or other address where defendant may be served)			
	New York	New York	+	
	County, City	State Zip Cod	le	
III. STATEMI	ENT OF CLAIM			
Place(s) of occur	rence: 615 Wes	st 172nd Street, New York, N.Y.		
race(s) or occur	Terree.			
	April 26	2016		
Date(s) of occur	rence: April 26,	2010	<u></u>	
FACTS:				
	nat each defendant p	port your case. Describe what happened, how versionally did or failed to do that harmed you. A		
See attached w	vith actual details of	f claim.		
Defendant 5:	John Doe 2, NYC p	police officer, 1 Police Plaza, New York, N.	<i>'</i> .	
			:	
			:	

Case 1:19-cv-03801-MKV Document 19 Filed 09/16/19 Page 6 of 16 **INJURIES:** If you were injured as a result of these actions, describe your injuries and what medical treatment, if any, you required and received. physical pain from excessive use of force, pain from handcuffs, pain and suffering from being tazed without cause, dehydration, pain and suffering from the violation of his rights including the illegal seizure and searches. Received medical attention at New York Presbyterian Hospital at 168th and Broadway. X-rays were taken and Plaintiff was give pain reliever. IV. RELIEF State briefly what money damages or other relief you want the court to order. \$3 million in compensatory and punitive damages and for the violation of his rights.

V. PLAINTIFF'S CERTIFICATION AND WARNINGS

By signing below, I certify to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief that: (1) the complaint is not being presented for an improper purpose (such as to harass, cause unnecessary delay, or needlessly increase the cost of litigation); (2) the claims are supported by existing law or by a nonfrivolous argument to change existing law; (3) the factual contentions have evidentiary support or, if specifically so identified, will likely have evidentiary support after a reasonable opportunity for further investigation or discovery; and (4) the complaint otherwise complies with the requirements of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 11.

I agree to notify the Clerk's Office in writing of any changes to my mailing address. I understand that my failure to keep a current address on file with the Clerk's Office may result in the dismissal of my case.

Each Plaintiff must sign and date the complaint. Attach additional pages if necessary. If seeking to proceed without prepayment of fees, each plaintiff must also submit an IFP application.

April 26,2019	1 an	in lo ha	
Dated	Plaintiff's S	ignature	
Darwin	Cloumn	а	
First Name Middle Initia	l Last Name		
2276 Sedgwick Avenue, Apt #2			
Street Address			
New York	New York		
County, City	State	Zip Code	
917-736-3464	darwinco	olumna@gmail.com	
Telephone Number	Email Addr	ess (if available)	

I have read the Pro Se (Nonprisoner) Consent to Receive Documents Electronically: \square Yes \square No

If you do consent to receive documents electronically, submit the completed form with your complaint. If you do not consent, please do not attach the form.

Statement of Facts

- 1. Plaintiff, Darwin Columna, is a 32 year old Hispanic male resident of the State of New York, County of Bronx.¹
- 2. Plaintiff has a previous drug-related conviction from an incident in 2011.

 Plaintiff was released to parole in 2012. Plaintiff completed the requirements of his parole in January 2019. Prior to the unwarranted arrest detailed below, Plaintiff was in full compliance with the requirements of his parole.
- 3. During Plaintiff's parole, Plaintiff was participating in a drug rehabilitation program, the Arms Acres Recovery program. During his participation in that program, Plaintiff was subjected to random drug testing. With the exception of one incident involving marijuana use, the random testing found no use of illegal substances.
- 4. In 2007, certain family members and Plaintiff were wrongly arrested by officers working out of the 33rd Precinct in Manhattan. Those charges were ultimately dropped. Subsequently, my family members and Plaintiff brought a suit for wrongful arrest against the arresting officers and the City of New York. That case was ultimately settled, but some of the officers from the same precinct have continued to demonstrate open hostility and resentment to Plaintiff because of my assertion of my rights. The incident described below was part of the harassment that Plaintiff experienced.
- 5. On April 26, 2016, Officer Genner Gomez, Officer Pedro Romero, Sergeant

 Josue Perez and Detective Pedro Roche at about 4:00 p.m. in the County of New York, City and

 State of New York, with other agents, servants and employees of Defendant the City of New

¹ This document was prepared with assistance from the New York Legal Assistance Group's Legal Clinic for Pro Se Litigants in the Southern District of New York.

York, wrongfully and falsely detained, searched, arrested, and accused Plaintiff, Darwin Columna, of possessing illegal substances.

- 6. Plaintiff was out walking along 172nd Street New York City. He stopped under a scaffolding two acquaintances came up to him, Mr. Batista and Mr. Ramos, in front of 615 West 172nd Street, New York, NY 10033. They spoke under the scaffolding. Neither Plaintiff nor Mr. Ramos or Mr. Batista were engaged in any illegal or suspicious behavior and gave no cause for attention by law enforcement. Plaintiff also did not have any warrants out for his arrest.
- 7. At approximately at 4:14pm, an unmarked police car occupied by Police Officer Genner Gomez (shield # 27651) and Officer Pedro Romero (shield # 4669) pulled up in front of the 615 West 172nd Street address. The officers got out of the car, and directly moved towards Plaintiff and the other men. They focused their attention on Plaintiff, Batista, and Ramos. The officers pointed at the three men as they approached. From prior experience, Plaintiff knows that if he had tried to walk away, the police officers would have chased him down, and likely hurt Plaintiff. Plaintiff was not free to leave from the moment he was seized by the Police.
- 8. Then Mr. Batista pulled a small bag from his person and threw it to the ground before he could be searched. Plaintiff found out later that the bag contained Phencyclidine, but at the time, Plaintiff had no knowledge of Mr. Batista's possession of the Phencyclidine. The officers clearly saw the bag came from Mr. Batista. Mr. Batista told the officers that the drugs were his.
- 9. Officer Gomez yelled, in sum and substance, "put your hands up. Put them where I can see them." Officer Gomez then told Plaintiff to face the wall with his hands up and asked for Plaintiff's ID. Plaintiff complied and told the officer that Plaintiff's ID was in his pocket.

- 10. Without Plaintiff's consent, Officer Gomez pulled Plaintiff's wallet out of his pocket, took out his ID and then placed Plaintiff's ID in his pocket and returned Plaintiff's wallet to his pocket.
- 11. Plaintiff asked Officer Gomez why he was being stopped and Officer Gomez responded "you know the routine." Plaintiff asked again why he was being stopped. Officer Gomez responded "you know the deal, you got me, I got to get you." Plaintiff believes that Office Gomez was referring to his previous legal action against certain officers in his precinct for which they were now retaliating.
- 12. Without Plaintiff's consent, Officer Gomez began searching Plaintiff's person and the jacket Plaintiff had been holding. Among other things, Officer Gomez went into Plaintiff's jacket and pants pockets and pulled them inside out. At that time, the officer did not claim to have found any drugs or illegal substances on Plaintiff's person. Meanwhile, Officer Romero searched Mr. Ramos and Mr. Batista. At no point did they have reason to suspect that Plaintiff was carrying drugs or that Plaintiff was armed, and in fact, Plaintiff was not carrying drugs or any weapons.
- 13. While Mr. Ramos and Plaintiff were being searched, Mr. Batista told officers the drugs were his and asked why Plaintiff was being stopped. They did not respond.
- 14. Two more police officers, Detective Pedro Roche (shield # 12637) and John Doe 1, arrived on the scene.
- 15. Mr. Ramos was told he was free to go. Mr. Ramos walked about halfway down the block and turned to watch the scene unfold.
- 16. Officer Roche stood behind Plaintiff with his arm against Plaintiff's back while Officer Gomez walked over to pick Mr. Batista's bag of Phencyclidine.

- 17. Officer Roche then searched Plaintiff and again found no illegal substance on his person.
- 18. Officer Gomez then walked back towards Plaintiff with the PCP and gestured to search Plaintiff again. Officer Gomez then announced that he was arresting Plaintiff for drug possession alleging the PCP belonged to Plaintiff.
- 19. Officer Gomez handcuffed Plaintiff and Officer Roche escorted Plaintiff to the precinct in his police car. Plaintiff asked multiple times why he was being arrested and Officer Roche told Plaintiff the arresting officer would inform him at the precinct.
 - 20. Once at the precinct, still handcuffed, Plaintiff was put in a holding cell.
- 21. After about 20 minutes Plaintiff asked for some water, but no water was ever provided.
- 22. Officer Romero informed Plaintiff that because Plaintiff had been arrested for allegedly possessing drugs, he would have to be fingerprinted and subjected to a cavity search—Plaintiff would have to remove his clothing, squat while naked, and expose his anal cavity to the officers. Plaintiff informed the officers Plaintiff would not consent to the search. Again Plaintiff asked why he was being arrested; Officer Romero falsely informed Plaintiff that Officer Gomez had found drugs in his possession. Plaintiff refused to comply with any search because Plaintiff was never in possession of any drugs and there was no basis for the arrest. There was no basis to believe that Plaintiff had any drugs or other contraband on or inside of Plaintiff's person.
- 23. Officer John Doe 2 escorted Plaintiff to be finger printed and told Plaintiff he would have to remove his rosary necklace before his handcuffs could be removed for fingerprinting. Plaintiff did not believe removing his rosary necklace was necessary and he refused to remove the rosary because he wore the rosary as an exercise of religious expression.

- 24. Officer John Doe 2 escorted Plaintiff back to the holding cell. Sergeant Josue Perez entered the cell and tried to convince Plaintiff to allow him to cut off Plaintiff's rosary and submit to the search. Sergeant Perez told Plaintiff that he would only be released with a Desk Appearance Ticket if he removed his rosary and consented to a cavity search. Plaintiff continued to refuse to consent to a strip or cavity search or have his rosary necklace removed. Sergeant Perez grabbed Plaintiff's cuffed hands and pulled him back and forth trying to incite a reaction.
- 25. Officer John Doe 2 was ordered by the Sergeant Perez to cut off Plaintiff's rosary necklace which he did using a gravity knife while Plaintiff was still handcuffed.
- 26. Sergeant Perez told Plaintiff if he continued to refuse to a cavity search, he would have to taze Plaintiff. Plaintiff refused to cooperate with any search so Sergeant Perez then attempted to taze Plaintiff's torso but as Plaintiff turned away, the electrical wires from the taze became embedded in his forearm causing immediate intense pain. Plaintiff immediately felt a tremor from being stunned and lost consciousness before coming to.
- 27. Prior to being tased, Plaintiff was not yelling, shouting or threatening anyone. Plaintiff was not physically aggressive to anyone. There was no justification for the tasing. Plaintiff believes the officers were retaliating against Plaintiff for previously suing certain officers in the same precinct.
- 28. Plaintiff asked for medical attention because of irritation, dizziness and pain from the taser, shoulder pain from being shoved by the sergeant, wrist pain from the tightened handcuffs, and dehydration.
- 29. Plaintiff was fingerprinted at the precinct but no strip or cavity search was ever done. Approximately an hour later, the paramedics arrived and took Plaintiff to New York Presbyterian Hospital on 168th and Broadway. There, Plaintiff was treated by the medical staff.

The medical staff took x-rays of Plaintiff's wrist, gave him ibuprofen for the pain, and told Plaintiff to follow up after he was released if the pain persisted.

- 30. After the hospital visit, Plaintiff was transferred to central booking. Plaintiff spent the night in a holding cell and was arraigned on April 27, 2016. He was falsely accused of criminal possession of a controlled substance by Officer Gomez and released on his own recognizance.
- 31. Not long after, Officer Gomez signed a supporting deposition to the criminal complaint falsely alleging that Plaintiff had committed criminal possession of a controlled substance.
- 32. Mr. Batista, who had received a Desk Appearance Ticket, later pled guilty to possession of the PCP and was sentenced to time served on June 7, 2016.
- 33. On October 19, 2017, the case against the Plaintiff on the drug possession charge was dismissed pursuant to a speedy trial provision.
- Plaintiff was required to attend court seven times because at each occasion the prosecution was not prepared to move forward with his case. Each time Plaintiff appeared in court, he was told to come back on another day or given the option to enter into plea deal. Plaintiff was determined not to plea guilty to something he did not do. During this time, Plaintiff was enrolled at Lehman College and Arms Acres Recovery program. The court appearances conflicted with Plaintiff's recovery meetings and individual counseling, which interfered with his recovery program progress mandated by parole. The court dates forced Plaintiff to miss class and, subsequently, he was removed from the school program due to absences.

35. The next time Plaintiff saw Officer Gomez on the street, Officer Gomez gave Plaintiff a warning saying to Plaintiff sum and substance, "every time I see you, I will be arresting you."

DESIGNATION OF AGENT FOR ACCESS TO SEALED RECORDS PURSUANT TO NYCPL 160.50[1][d]

I Daywin Columna Date of Birth 10/18/1986
SS#
CARTER, Corporation Counsel of the City of New York, or his authorized representative, as my
agent to whom records of the criminal action terminated in my favor entitled People of the State
of New York v. Parwin Colow, Docket No. or Indictment No. 2016 NY 02, 652
in <u>Criminal</u> Court, County of <u>New York</u> , State of New York, relating to my arrest on
of New York v. Parwin Lo Low, Docket No. or Indictment No. 2016 NY 02, 65 20 in Criminal Court, County of New York, State of New York, relating to my arrest on or about 1/26/2016, may be made available for use in Civil Action
,(S.D.N.Y.).
I understand that until now the aforesaid records have been sealed pursuant to
CPL § 160.50, which permits those records to be made available only (1) to persons designated
by me, or (2) to certain other parties specifically designated in that statute.
I further understand that the person designated by me above as a person to whom
the records may be made available is not bound by the statutory sealing requirements of CPL § 160.50.
<i>γ</i> 100.50.
The records to be made available to the person designated above comprise all
records and papers relating to my arrest and prosecution in the criminal action identified herein
on file with any court, police agency, prosecutor's office or state or local agency that were
ordered to be sealed under the provisions of CPL § 160.50.
I further authorize the release of a list from the New York City Police Department
that identifies all my prior arrests by date of arrest, charge(s) and disposition, including all sealed
arrests.
f
SIGNATURE
\$IGNATURE
STATE OF NEW YORK)
STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF New York; SS.:
COUNTY OF New Join)
16thun september
On this 2nd day of September, 201, before me personally came David Column a me known and known to me to be the individual described in and who executed the foregoing
me known and known to me to be the individual described in and who executed the foregoing
instrument, and he acknowledged to me that he executed the same.
NOTARY PUBLIC
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O
HANS ANTHONY ROMO
Notary Public, State of New York Qualified in Kings County
My Commission Bydres June 2, 20
my Commission Parities June 2, 20

CRIMINAL COURT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF NEW YORK	CERTIFICATE OF DISPONENTS SECTION NUMBER: 58672	
THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK VS		
COLUMNA, DARWIN A Defendant	<u>10/18/1986</u> Date of Birth	
2656 BAINBRIDGE AVENUE Address	1237002M NYSID Number	
BRONX NY 10458 City State Zip	04/26/2016 Date of Arrest/Issue	
Docket Number: 2016NY026520*	Summons No:	
PL 220.03 00 AM, Arraignment Charges		
Case Disposition Information:		
Date Court Action 10/19/2017 DISM - SPEEDY TRIAL PROVISION	Judge NS WATTERS, JOANNE	Part JURY9
	SEALED	•
O FEE CERTIFICATION	Pursuan	
GOVERNMENT AGENCY _ COUNSEL ASSIGNED	Pursuant to Section 160.50 of the	tho on
NO RECORD OF ATTORNEY READILY AVAILABLE.	DEFENDANT STATES COUNSE	L WAS ASSIGNED
SOURCE _ ACCUSATORY INSTRUMENT _ DOCKET	r BOOK/CRIMS _ CRC3030[CRS963]
I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS IS A TRUE THIS COURT.	EXCERPT OF THE RECORD OF	N FILE IN
ENG, J COURT OFFICIAL SIGNATURE AND SEAL	09/16/2019 DATE FEE: NON	E
Marijuana convictions under PL 221.05 or I and expunged as of August 28, 2019. The co	PL 221.10 are vacated, di ourt system is in the pr	ismissed ocess of

Marijuana convictions under PL 221.05 or PL 221.10 are vacated, dismissed and expunged as of August 28, 2019. The court system is in the process of updating its records, but in the meantime, it is an unlawful discriminatory practice unless specifically required or permitted by statute, for any entity to make any inquiry about an expunged conviction or to use an expunged conviction adversely, whether in any form of application or otherwise, against such individual.

Pursuant to section 70.15 of the Penal Law, any misdemeanor sentence with a jail term of "1 year", "12 months", or "365 days" is, by operation of law, deemed to be a sentence of 364 days. Any Certificate of Disposition indicating a jail sentence of "1 year", "12 months", "52 weeks", or "365 days" for a misdmeanor conviction shall be interpreted as a sentence of 364 days.